

Code No: C1504

**JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD**  
**M.TECH I - SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, APRIL/MAY-2012**  
**COMPUTATIONAL METHODS IN ENGINEERING**  
**(MACHINE DESIGN)**

Time: 3hours

Max. Marks: 60

**Answer any five questions**  
**All questions carry equal marks**

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1. Use any matrix iterative method to solve the following system of equations:  
 $4X_1 + X_2 - X_3 = 3;$   
 $2X_1 + 7 X_2 + X_3 = 19;$   
 $X_1 - 3 X_2 + 12 X_3 = 31.$
- 2.a) Derive Simpson's 1/3 rule from Newton-Cotes formulas.  
 b) The velocities of a car running on a straight road at intervals of 2 minutes are given below. Apply Simpson's rule to find the distance covered by the car.

Time in Minutes	0	2	4	6	8	10	12
Velocity in km/hr	0	22	30	27	18	7	0

3. Determine the smallest distance from the point (5, 8) to the curve  $xy = 5$  using constrained optimization technique.
4. Develop a functional for the boundary value problem  $\frac{d^2u}{dx^2} = x$ ,  $0 < x < 1$  with  $u(0) = 0$  and  $u(1) = 0$ . Use the same functional to solve the boundary value problem by Rayleigh - Ritz method using an approximating function  $u = kx(1-x)$  where  $k$  is a constant.
5. Write down the finite difference analogue of the Laplace's equation  $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$  and solve it for the region bounded by the square  $0 \leq x \leq 4$  and  $0 \leq y \leq 4$ , the boundary conditions being  $u = 0$  at  $x = 0$ ,  $u = 8+2y$  at  $x = 4$ ,  $u = 0.5x^2$  at  $y = 0$  and  $u = x^2$  when  $y = 4$ . Consider grid spacing in each direction as 1.
6. Solve the heat conduction equation,  $u_{xx} - u_t = 0$ , subject to boundary conditions  $u(0,t) = u(1,t) = 0$  and  $u(x,0) = x - x^2$ . Take  $h = 0.25$  and  $k = 0.025$ .
7. Construct a least square quadratic approximation to the function  $y(x) = \sin x$  on  $[0, \pi/2]$  with respect to the weight function  $W(x) = 1$ .
8. Use the finite difference method to solve the wave equation  $u_{tt} = 4 u_{xx}$  over the rectangle  $R = \{(x, t): 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq t \leq 1\}$ . The string at rest has length  $L = 1$ . Assume that the initial position is  $u(x, 0) = \sin(\pi x) + \sin(2\pi x)$ .

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